# Partnerships to Promote Public Health-Health Care Collaboration and Reimbursement of Preventive Asthma Control Strategies

Air Pollution and Respiratory Health Branch



# **CDC Strategic Directions**

Improve health security at home and around the world





Better prevent the leading causes of illness, injury, disability, and death



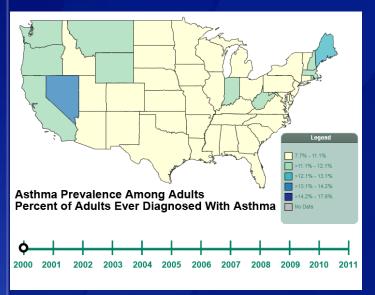
Strengthen public health/ health care collaboration



### **3 Buckets of Prevention**

Traditional Clinical Innovative Clinical Total Population or Community-Wide Prevention Prevention Prevention Implement Provide services Increase the use of interventions that evidence-based outside the clinical reach whole services setting populations Health Care Public Health

### **Asthma's Impact on the Nation**



- Over 22 million affected
- Costs ~\$63 billion annually
- Higher prevalence: Black Americans (9.9%),
   Hispanics of Puerto Rican descent (14.6%),
   <100% of federal poverty level (10.9%)</li>
- Asthma burden
  - 1.8 million emergency department (ED) visits
  - 439,000 hospitalizations
  - About 9 people die from asthma each day
- Burden can be reduced by controlling asthma

# **Background**

### Comprehensive asthma control strategies can:

- Reduce emergency department visits by as much as 68%
- Reduce hospitalizations by as much as 85%
- Show a short-term positive return on investment

Sources: Woods ER et al., Pediatrics, 2012; Sibylle HL et al., Pediatrics, 2011; Nurmagambetov T et al., Am J Prev Med, 2011

### **Collaboration Within CDC**

THE 6 18 INITIATIVE

DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS AND HEALTH EFFECTS

# **Control Asthma**













SIX WAYS TO SPEND SMARTER FOR HEALTHIER PEOPLE

# Promoting Collaboration Between Public Health and Health Care

#### CDC

Identify evidence-based prevention interventions associated with high-burden conditions

# Purchasers, Payers, and Providers

Finance and deliver care

# Collaboration Within CDC to Engage Payers: Asthma Control Strategies

Promote evidence-based medical management following 2007 NAEPP guidelines

Promote strategies that improve access and adherence to asthma medications and devices

**Expand access to intensive self-management education** 

Expand access to home visits by licensed professionals or qualified lay health workers

NAEPP, National Asthma Education and Prevention Program

# Collaboration Within CDC to Engage Payers: Asthma Control Strategies

#### **Key Accomplishments**

- Established and published evidence base for this approach
- National Governors Association Paper "Health Investments That Pay Off: Strategies for Addressing Asthma in Children"
- CDC's National Asthma Control Program White Paper "Developing a Business Case for Asthma Services in Your State"

#### **Lessons Learned**

- Both cost and quality can be valuable to health plans
- Building on existing partnerships and infrastructure can facilitate progress
- Using health plan analytics can be helpful to identify those at high risk
- Targeting individuals at higher risk can yield a higher ROI

# Visit the 6 18 Website

#### CDC.gov/SixEighteen

#### **Evidence Summaries**

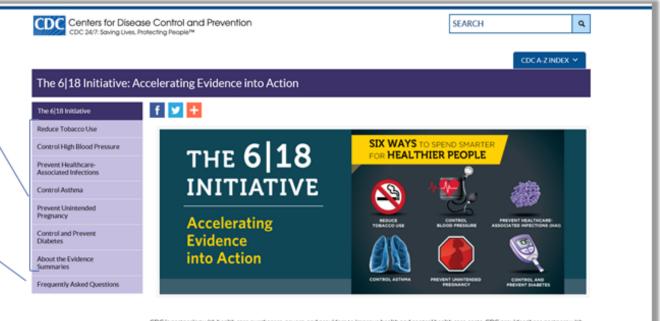
Detailed summaries of the 6|18 interventions, based on scientific studies and expert consultations

#### **FAQs**

Answers to common questions about the 6|18 Initiative including goals, strategy, and the intervention selection process

#### Coming soon!

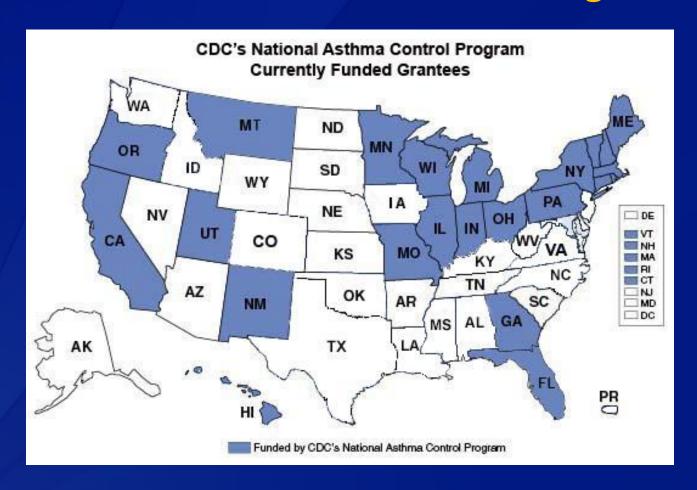
Additional Tools: Readiness checklist How to be a 6|18 Partner



CDC is partnering with health care purchasers, payers, and providers to improve health and control health care costs. CDC provides these partners with rigorous evidence about high-burden health conditions and associated inserventions to inform their decisions to have the greatest health and cost impact. This initiative offers proven interventions that prevent chronic and infectious diseases by increasing their coverage, access, utilization and quality. Additionally, it aligns evidence-based preventive practices with emerging value-based payment and delivery models.



# **Collaboration With Funded State Asthma Control Programs**



### **Next Steps**

- Continue collaboration within CDC to engage payers
- Continue collaboration with external partners
  - President's Task Force on Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks to Children
     www.epa.gov/childrenstaskforce
  - National Center for Healthy Housing <u>www.nchh.org/program/equippingstatesforreimbursement.aspx</u>
  - State asthma programs
     <u>www.cdc.gov/asthma/contacts/default.htm</u>

### **Next Steps**

- Create, disseminate, and regularly update resources for states and other partners
- Identify and disseminate other relevant documents and trainings regarding asthma-related reimbursement

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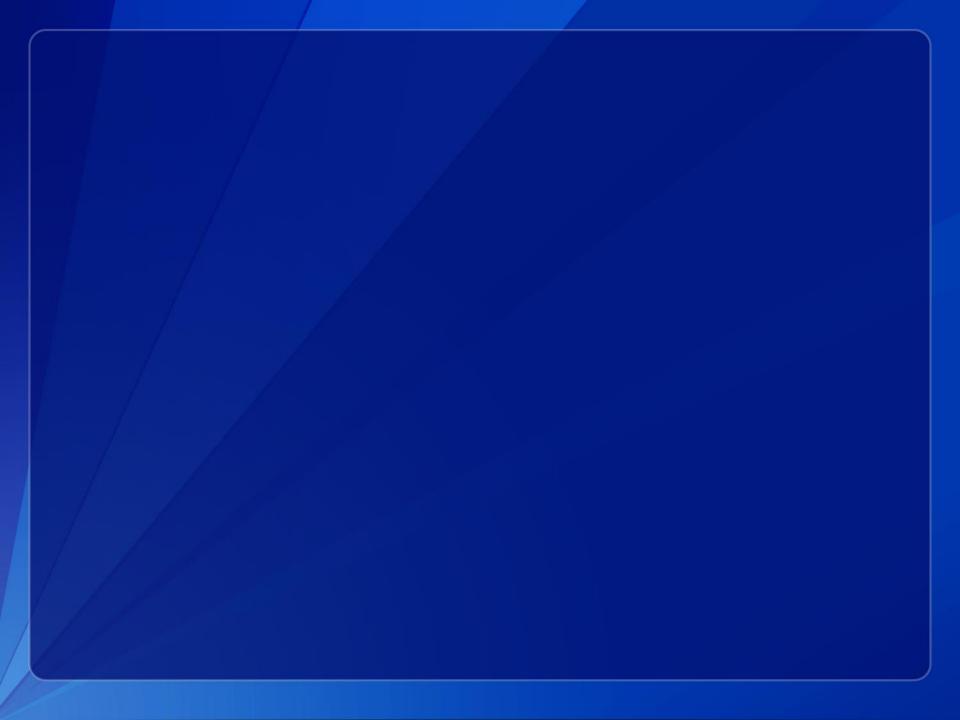
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The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the author and do not necessarily represent the official position of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.





# Return on Investment for Intensive Asthma Self-Management Education

Return on Investment (ROI)	# of Programs <sup>1</sup>
>\$1 per \$1 (for all participants)	6
>\$1 per \$1 (for some participants <sup>2</sup> )	2
<\$1 per \$1	1

Estimated time to achieve ROI = 1-3 years

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of March 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> For example, ≥1 hospitalization or ≥2 unscheduled visits within a certain timeframe prior to program participation

# Return on Investment for Home-Based Interventions for Asthma

Return on Investment (ROI)	# of Programs <sup>1</sup>
>\$1 per \$1 (for all participants)	14
>\$1 per \$1 (for some participants²)	1
<\$1 per \$1	2

Median estimated time to achieve ROI = 3 years (range, 1–11)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As of March 2016

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Positive ROI for participants aged <6 years, negative ROI for participants aged ≥6 years (McQuaid EL et al., *Pediatr Pulmonol*, 2012)

### **Collaboration With External Partners**

- President's Task Force on Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks to Children (Asthma Disparities Work Group) <a href="https://www.epa.gov/childrenstaskforce">www.epa.gov/childrenstaskforce</a>
- American Lung Association
- National Center for Healthy Housing <u>www.nchh.org/program/equippingstatesforreimbursement.aspx</u>
  - Case studies
  - Training

### **Creating Resources for Dissemination**



- White paper on developing a business case for payers
- Database of evidence for asthma control strategies (in preparation)

tmentsThatPayOff.pdf

# MICHIGAN'S 6 | 18 ASTHMA ACTIVITIES

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### SPACER BARRIERS

- MDHHS Asthma Program and partners identified barriers to Medicaid clients getting spacers/valved holding chambers
  - Misinformation at many levels: clinician, patient, pharmacist
  - Confusion about dispensing at pharmacy or DME
  - Pharmacy rejection messages unclear
- 6 | 18 Initiative: state Medicaid + asthma public health
  - Survey health plans on where they dispense spacers, and what their rejection messages say
  - Use the survey to identify plans: dispensing at DME, with poor rejection messaging, that require a prior authorization, other barriers
  - Meet with plan administrators to encourage improvements



# MANAGING ASTHMA THROUGH CASE MANAGEMENT IN HOMES (MATCH)



### **IN-HOME CASE MANAGEMENT (MATCH)**

- MDHHS and MATCH programs want to increase access and sustainability
  - Referrals
  - Contracts
- 6 | 18 Initiative: state Medicaid + asthma public health
  - Medicaid distributed info about MATCH programs to plans
  - Survey health plans about their current in-home asthma self-management and education programs
  - Use the survey to identify plans that do not provide in-home asthma selfmanagement, promote MATCH referrals/contracting where appropriate