Welcome! MCAN Resources for Successful Asthma Interventions





Participant Dial-In: (800) 374-0278 **Conference ID:** 74828250

Thursday, December 3, 2015, Webinar: 2:00 p.m.–3:00 p.m. EST Live Online Q&A: 3:00 p.m.–3:30 p.m. EST on AsthmaCommunityNetwork.org



Purpose

- Implement the Community Healthcare for Asthma Management and Prevention of Symptoms (CHAMPS) Program in your community by exploring a series of e-learning videos and learning about the CHAMPS intervention methodology.
- Access and integrate Patient Education Handouts that provide concise, visual take-home information for your patients and their families.
- Access Patient Surveys (available in both English and Spanish) and learn how to effectively administer them.
- Learn about the latest in **Asthma Research** as well as major milestones.



Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- Roundtable Discussion
- 3. Q&A in AsthmaCommunityNetwork.org Discussion Forum

Member? You can post questions now. Use the link in the Chat box.

Not yet a member? Joining online is quick and easy.

- Go to AsthmaCommunityNetwork.org.
- Click "Join Now" at the top of the screen and complete the application process.
- Post questions as soon as your account is approved.



Speakers



Julie Kennedy Lesch, MPA

Programs Manager MCAN Washington, DC



Francisco Ramirez

Asthma Counselor Costa Salud Community Health Rincon, Puerto Rico



Dr. Herman MitchellV.P. of Federal Operations

Rho
Chapel Hill, NC



Dr. Andrew Arthur

Associate Medical Director El Rio Community Health Center Tucson, AZ



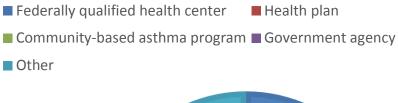
Ryan Bailey, M.A.

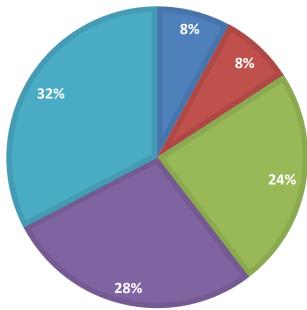
Business Analyst Rho Chapel Hill, NC



Poll Question

What type of organization do you represent?



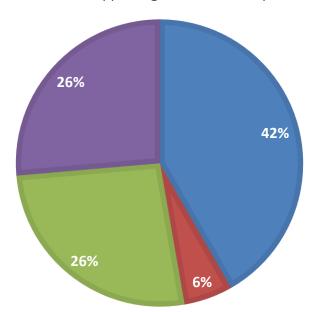




Poll Question

What are you most interested in learning about today?

- Proven practices that have led to successful outcomes
- An intervention methodology that I can follow
- Patient education
- New resources supporting intervention implementation





Merck Childhood Asthma Network

Julie Kennedy Lesch, MPA
Programs Manager





MCAN is a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization established in 2005 and funded by The Merck Foundation.

The Merck Childhood Asthma Network, Inc. (MCAN) enhances the quality of life for children with asthma and their families and reduces the burden of the disease on them and society by

- Improving <u>access to and the quality of</u>
 <u>asthma healthcare services</u> for children,
 especially the medically underserved, by
 funding *implementation research*
- Advocating <u>policies</u> that expedite implementation, dissemination and sustainability of science-based asthma care
- Increasing <u>awareness and knowledge</u> of asthma and quality asthma care







We're Leaving Behind a Legacy That Others Will Build Upon...





Combining evidence-based science, case management and environmental control, especially in the home, **yields positive results** in communities where care is coordinated and children with asthma have access to high-quality health care.



Integrating asthma educators/community health workers into the health care team can bring about **improved health outcomes**.

Sustainable change in the quality of and access to asthma care will require continued advocacy and collaboration across key stakeholders such as payers, health care providers, the housing sector, schools, state/local environmental programs...





MCAN Resources Available on AsthmaCommunityNetwork.org



Merck Childhood Asthma Network 10-Year Impact Report

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Marry Chieffood Aerbrya Network (MCAN) is a nerprofit organization dedicated to supporting incidensitation of effective audience-based programs designed to reduce sethins symptoms and improve the resulting of the for ethickness with partners and their furnilies. The properisation, funded by the Ma Foundation, possessed from 2006 - 2005. with a vision to become a leading national tands are, and advances for fundaments reprised with

highlights the impact of NICAN on

so-besself intervention and their role in reducing district armine

Advancey for public policy debats and thanges resolad

Sussecution of whether Improvedors in Sweet settings, pornatly in

related for envillencecritical, and thus emablyhed to meet . this resid. During its 10-year history, MCAN under and perhapsion to the employmentation of projects in varied geographic locations and serlings to improve setteria care for dridges, responding to the graving and significant public health problem that authors had become

community partners.

More than 6 redice U.S. children have authors

hospitalbations and

energency room (ER)

visits among children

and it is the third

MCAN concern to sensitive in two shares in Phase I (2005-00), MCAN funded the implementation of evidence based interventions and engaged in activities to identify policies to improve antity to care and translational? enclaramentation manages, MCAH incorporated the the stratunic rise for Phase II (1975-19), During Phase II. his organization supported implementation of an afficiations. anishmen, has and improvement in Probability Chall have Health Content and executed several advocacy initiatives focused or remaining regional assessments, and sultimes arrive to MC20's serviced with a coulition of stabul-visitors dedicated to improve the healthcare of children with anthrea-

public health community, community-bleed healthcare solders and others of the characteristics and challenges of effective community-based healthcare and how to create systems to respond to these challenges. Through ža suppesstul efforts to unite various staketolidens working to withhelp childhood eldfinte, MCA/I related the profile of this drooms condition and its adverse effects on children

MCAN resold like to thank its many partners and supporters from the public and private sectors. Withour input from and the generous suggors of these organizations. MCAN would not have been rearly as successful in Improving the care and quality of life of children with authma.





TRANSLATING EVIDENCE INTO PRACTICE: Merck Childhood Asthma Network

THE OBJECTIVE OF

The Marck Foundation set out to create an organization that would make a significant contribution to a growing public health problem by building publicprivate partnerships to implement effective, evidencebased health interventions. As part of a three-phase planning process, the Merck Foundation chose childhood asthma as the focus and developed a plan for an organization to address it - the Merck Childhood Asthma Network, Inc. IMCANI.

MCAN RESPONDSTO A PUBLIC HEALTH NEED (7)

More than 6 million U.S. children have asthma, and it is the third leading cause of hospitalizations among children under age 15. The burden of childhood asthma is much heavier in African-American and Puerto Rican communities and for families living below the poverty level than in the U.S. population as a whole. MCAN was established in 2005 as the only independent 501(dk3) organization to focus solely on the burden and associated morbidity of childhood

asthma. The organization began with a vision to become a leading national resource and advocate for children with asthma and their families by working with national, regional, and community partners.

MCAN's initial efforts focused on:



Devising a plan to implement the guidelines and lessons learned from earlier controlled studies of asthma interventions into strategies that would improve the quality of care and life for children with asthma in diverse community and healthcare settings.



Identifying valid methods to evaluate the effectiveness of evidence-based asthma interventions across these diverse settings. More than just a pervasive chronic condition, asthma is a bellwether of public health and healthcare system performance.

resourced patient populations, spans the entire health system and depends on efficient coordination and effective





Local Health Centers



CARE COORDINATION (7)

The Care Coordination initiative involved the implementation of evidence-based interventions in different "care coordination" settings: school district. clinic or health care system, and community. Asthma symptoms and health care utilization significantly improved in the four program sites, Chicago, San Juan, PR, Philadelphia, and Los Angeles.

	aud05
htsphitime awakenings, past morth (mean)	8.55
Emergency room visits, past year	2.85
Hospitalizations, post year	1.01

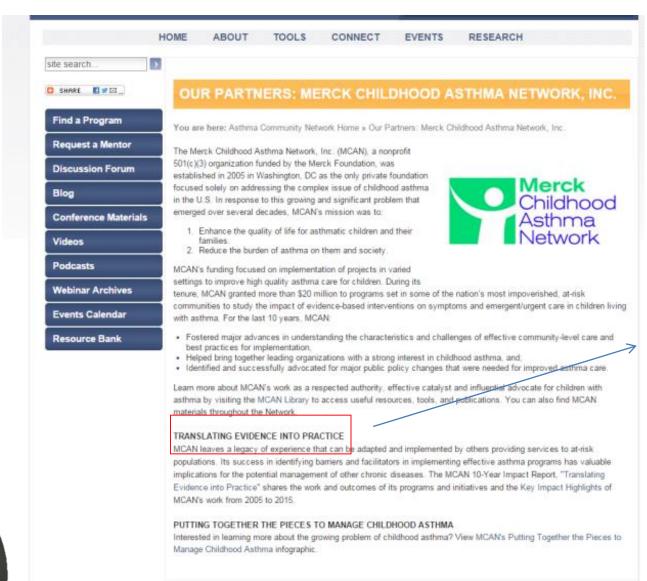
Daylere syrutoms within the past 5 weeks (mean)

the past 2 weeks (mean)



10





10-Year Impact Report







SHARE ES ME

MCAN LIBRARY

Find a Program

You are here: Asthma Community Network Home » About » MCAN Library

Request a Mentor

The Merck Childhood Asthma Network, Inc. (MCAN), a nonprofit 501(c)(3) organization funded by the Merck Foundation, was established in 2005 as the only private foundation focused solely on addressing the complex issue of childhood asthma in the U.S. MCAN supported the implementation of effective, evidence-based programs designed to reduce asthma symptoms and successfully advocated for major public policy changes that were needed for improved asthma care.

Discussion Forum

Click the icons below to access implementation and evaluation tools, resources, outcomes and best practices from Conference Materials MCAN's programs. Click here to learn more about MCAN's experiences improving access to quality asthma care for

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CHAMPS



Webinars



MCAN Phase I Program Sites



HEAL

ABOUT

- > Who We Are
- How To Use This Site
- MCAN



children.

Care Coordination Initiative



Childhood Asthma Leadership Coalition



Asthma Research



HEAL Phase II



How we got to CHAMPS...

Randomized Controlled Trials "The Laboratory"

NCICAS

1991-1995

Randomized Controlled Trial 8 Sites

Asthma Counselor Intervention

ICAS

1996-2001

Randomized Controlled Trial

7 Sites

Environmental Intervention

Implementation Studies "The Real World"

HEAL

2006-2009

Observational Clinical Trial
1 Site (post disaster)

Asthma Counselor and

Environmental Intervention

CHAMPS

2011-2014

Translational Study

3 Intervention Sites

A -I

Asthma Counselor and

Environmental Intervention







Thank you...





Rho

Dr. Herman Mitchell Vice President of Federal Operations





The Evidence Base for the CHAMPS Intervention

Herman Mitchell, Ph.D.

Vice President and Senior Research Scientist
Rho Federal Systems Division
Chapel Hill, NC





CHAMPS

Community Healthcare for Asthma Management and Prevention of Symptoms

A family-centered, patient-tailored intervention

Based upon more than two decades of NIH research on asthma interventions for children





NIH Inner-City Asthma Studies

- Late 1980s, several investigators
 documented the rapidly increasing
 prevalence of asthma, especially among
 minority children in the inner city.
- Congressionally directed funding through the NIAID
- This research effort is now in its fifth competitive funding cycle.



The Basis of CHAMPS:

A Series of Highly Tailored NIH Asthma Interventions:



NCICAS: The National Cooperative Inner-City Asthma Study

Phase I: A national multicenter epidemiology study of 1528 children with asthma

Phase II: An asthma counselor intervention to address the risk factors identified in Phase I (n=1,033)



ICAS: Inner-City Asthma Study

An environmental intervention focused on environmental risks and allergen sensitivities (n=957)



A novel combination of the asthma counselor and environmental interventions in post-Katrina New Orleans



Results of NCICAS Phase I Epidemiologic Study

No "silver bullet"

Many different factors are associated with asthma morbidity and exacerbations.

Asthma is a multifaceted problem.





Asthma Interventions

General

- General in nature
- Focused on the disease
- Everyone gets the same intervention.



Tailored

- Specific to the child
- Disease X child interaction
- The intervention is customized to the specific circumstance or risks.



Tools Tailored to Facilitate a Patient-Specific Intervention

NCICAS

CARAT: Child Asthma Risk Assessment Tool

ICAS

ERAT: Environmental Risk Assessment Tool

HEAL

Combined ERAT and CARAT





Among the Risk Factors Found to Affect Asthma...

- Medical Risk—continuity of care, ED use, communication with PCP
- Adherence—correct medication use, barriers to adherence
- Asthma Responsibility—shared, diffused responsibility
- Psychosocial Factors—caretaker and child psychological status
- Attitudes—ability to control symptoms, attitude toward health care, medications
- Allergies and exposures—skin test sensitivities, environmental triggers, ETS exposure



Child Asthma Risk Assessment Tool (CARAT)

- Generated from clinic interviews
- Identifies individual asthma risks
- Provides summary of asthma risks
- Provides personalized asthma education
- Guides intervention activities



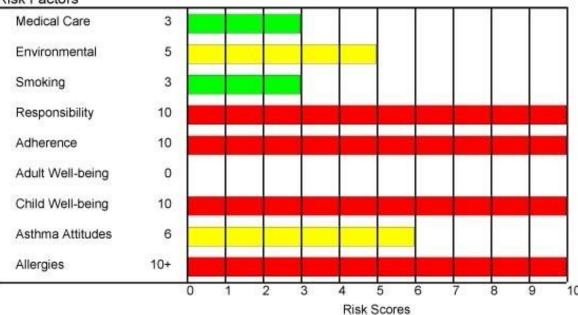


Asthma Risk Chart Dave 09/24/2006

Below you will find a graphical summary of the results of the assessment you completed for Dave on 09/24/2006.

- The graph displays one horizontal bar for each risk factor on a grid with an endpoint of 10.
- Factors with a score of 7-10 are displayed with a red bar. These are the high factors for the child and should be addressed first.
- Moderate risk factors have a score of 4-6 and are displayed in yellow.
- Low risk factors are displayed in green with a score of 1-3.
- The total score for each risk factor is also included at the beginning of each bar.

Risk Factors







Your child only takes medicines when necessary.(3)

Some people with asthma take only rescue medicines. These are medicines that are taken at the first sign of an asthma attack; in other words, these medicines are taken only when necessary. While these medicines will make your child feel better for a little while, the problem is that they will not really help your child get better. Rather, your child's airways might become more swollen, and he/she might be in danger of a very bad asthma attack. Ask your doctor if it is appropriate for your child to be on preventative medicines in addition to his/her rescue medicines. These are medicines that are taken daily even when the person with asthma feels fine and can breathe well, and may help prevent asthma attacks.

Environmental (5)

Your child does not have a pillow with a zipped plastic cover for allergies.

Bedding can hold allergen particles that could bother your child's breathing. Covering your child's mattress, box spring, and pillow with special covers will keep your child from breathing in these particles constantly while he/she sleeps. The special covers can be wiped down with a damp cloth or sponge occasionally; other than that, they do not have to be changed or washed.

Your child does not have a mattress with a zipped plastic cover for allergies.

Bedding can hold allergen particles that could bother your child's breathing. Covering your child's mattress, box spring, and pillow with special covers will keep your child from breathing in these particles constantly while he/she sleeps. The special covers can be wiped down with a damp cloth or sponge occasionally; other than that, they do not have to be changed or washed.

Your child's bedroom has carpeting.(3)

All rugs and carpeting trap dust mites and other allergens no matter what they are made of, even if the pile is short. Removing the rugs or carpeting from your child's bedroom would therefore be very helpful. However, if the rugs or carpeting cannot be removed, then you should vacuum frequently (at least once a week) with a vacuum cleaner.



Materials that come from cockroaches, mice, and rats can cause allergies and make asthma worse. These materials, which mix with dust, will cause inflammation and swelling of the airways when inhaled. Try to remove food and water sources from your home or look into hiring an exterminator to take care of the problem.





Ways to get rid of dust mites: Overview



Remove carpeting and replace with washable area rugs.

If you have forced air, keep filters over the vents and replace the filters every three months.

Dust all horizontal surfaces in your child's bedroom weekly with a damp cloth



Remove dust collectors like stuffed animals. Pick one favorite animal that is washable.







CARAT Comprehensive Report

Ways to get rid of dust mites: Details

- Encase your child's pillows, mattress, and box spring in special allergen-proof covers to keep your child from breathing in any dust mites or other allergenic particles while sleeping.
- Wash your child's blankets, sheets, and pillow cases every two weeks in hot water because
 dust mites are found in bedding. Hot water (>140° F) kills dust mites.
- If you can, remove carpeting from your child's bedroom floor because it is a dust mite
 collector. Replace the carpeting with washable area rugs.
- Vacuum any rugs (that you cannot remove) every week with a vacuum cleaner to get rid of
 dust mites. And if possible, you should vacuum the upholstered furniture every two weeks.
- If you have forced air, keep filters over the vents and replace the filters every three months.
- Dust all horizontal surfaces in your child's bedroom weekly with a damp cloth.
 - Try to remove dust collectors like stuffed animals. Pick one favorite animal that is washable.







Background on dust mites as a risk factor for asthma

Dust mites are microscopic insects that live in beds, blankets, sofas, rugs, stuffed animals, and other places in the home. Dust mites grow well in warm, moist places where humans and pets live. It is their body parts and droppings that cause allergy and asthma symptoms. Because dust mites are such a common cause of asthma symptoms, it is very important to reduce your child's exposure to them. It is easy to cut down on the number of dust mites. Studies have shown that this improves asthma.

Your child is breathing in dust mite allergen every night for many hours while he/she sleeps. Covering bedding with special covers will reduce your child's exposure to dust mites or other allergenic particles in the bedding. These special covers should be placed on all pillows, the mattress, and the box spring. The special covers can be wiped down with a damp cloth or sponge occasionally, but they can remain in place and don't have to be changed or washed. These covers help in two ways. First, they trap any dust mites and other allergens inside the covers. They cannot get through so your child cannot breathe them in. In addition, the covers keep new dust mites from being able to make a home in the mattresses and pillows.

Dust mites are also found in sheets and blankets. Dust mites and other allergens will continue to collect even in new bedding, so sheets and blankets should be washed frequently (every 2 weeks) in detergent and hot water. This will get rid of any new dust mites. Washing in cold water does not kill dust mites, but if done frequently it can still remove some of the dust mites and allergens. The bedspread should be washable and washed along with the sheets and blankets.

Feathers are conducive to dust mites. Therefore, if your child has a down pillow or comforter it is very important for you to use special allergy covers. However, you do not need to get rid of feather bedding. Research has found that accumulation of dust mites is greater on synthetic or cotton bedding than on feather bedding. This is attributed to the type of fabric that is used for the bedding feather bedding uses tighter fabrics to keep the feathers in, and this helps with keeping the dust mites out.

All carpeting and rugs trap dust mites, no matter what they are made of and even if the pile is short, so removing the carpeting from the child's bedroom and replacing it with washable area rugs would be very helpful. However, if the rugs or carpeting cannot be removed, then you should vacuum at least once a week with a vacuum cleaner. Vacuuming helps remove the dust mite allergen. Vacuums with HEPA filters are best for people with allergies and asthma because they collect and trap even the smallest allergen and dust particles. Vacuums without these special filters allow small particles to be blown back out of the vacuum, and they should not be used when the child is in the room.

Your child should not sleep or lay down on upholstered furniture like sofas because dust mites are often found there, as well. When you lay down on furniture that has dust mites in it, your face is closer to the furniture and you are much more likely to stir up and breathe in the allergycausing material that comes from the dust mites. Even sitting on upholstered furniture can cause





ICAS – the Inner-City Asthma Study

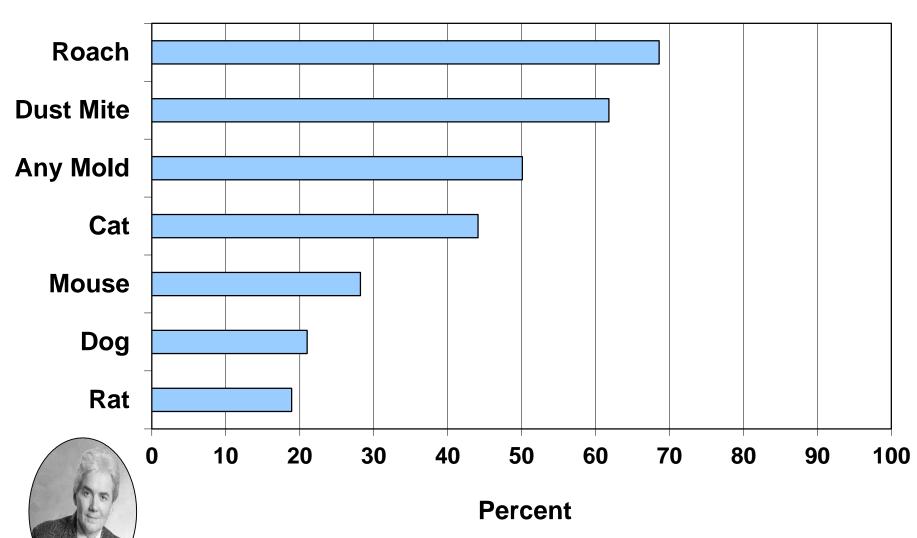
ICAS was designed to address the many environmental exposures and allergen sensitivities that were identified in NCICAS.

- The asthma counselors were replaced with "environmental counselors."
- The CARAT was replaced with the ERAT.





Allergen Sensitivity by Skin Prick Test





GEPA Home Environmental Exposures

Tobacco smoking (≥ 1 smoker)	47%
Dampness, water leaks, mildew	70%
Cockroaches	73%
Rodents	49%
Furry pet	30%





Environmental Risk Assessment Tool (ERAT)

- Generated from
 - Clinic interviews
 - Home observation and sample collection
- Identifies and provides a summary of environmental risks
- Guides targeted environmental intervention modules





Environmental Risk Assessment Report

Subject Identification:

Study ID: 21812 Street: 265 Olmstead Ave

Child: Michelle Walter City: Chapel Hill

Caretaker: Mary Harb State: NC ZIP: 27516

Language: English Phone #1: (919) 931-9699

Phone #2: (919) 216-9680

Skin Test Results:

Positive to:	Mouse
Positive to:	D. Pleronyisinus
Positive to:	Cat
Positive to:	Rat
Positive to:	Cockroach Mix

Positive to:	Alternaria
Positive to:	Cladosporium
Positive to:	Aspergillus Mix
Positive to:	Penicillium

Modules required for this child based on skin test results:

Safe Sleeping Zone, Roaches, Rodent, Pets, ETS, Mold

The following Items indicate issues related to these modules based upon the Baseline Clinical and Baseline Home Evaluations.

Safe Sleeping Zone:





Participant Outcomes

- Asthma symptoms and medication use
- Asthma Control Test
- Cost effectiveness
- Home environmental allergen exposures
- Lung function
- Quality of life





Summary

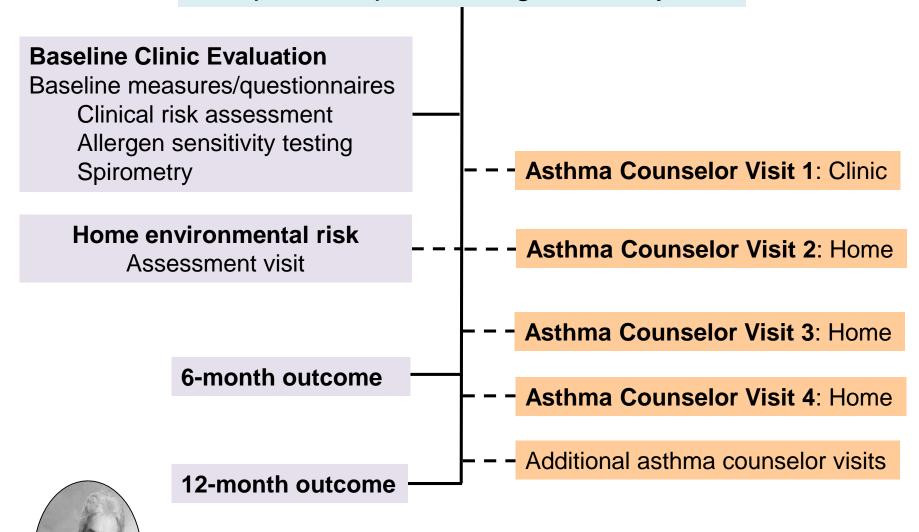
- NCICAS, ICAS and HEAL involved patient-tailored asthma interventions directed at risks identified for the child.
- CHAMPS integrated the patient-tailored interventions into the Community Health Clinics and assessed effectiveness.





CHAMPS Intervention:

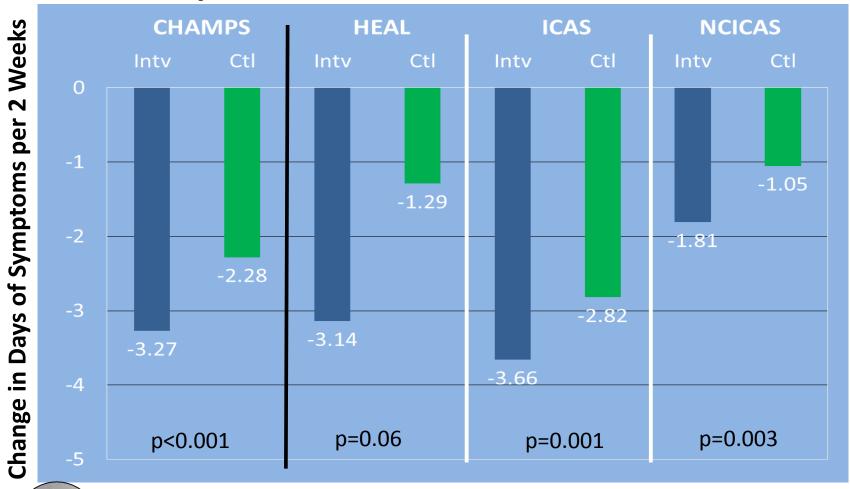
100 patients per site, ages 5–12 years





Decrease in Asthma Symptom Days

Comparison to Past Studies at 12 Months





The Take-Home Message...

- ✓ Asthma morbidity (symptoms and exacerbations) is caused by many different factors.
- ✓ These factors vary widely within the population of those with asthma.
- ✓ Risk factor assessment tools can help target appropriate asthma management.





Rho

Ryan Bailey Business Analyst





How to Access and Use the CHAMPS Resources on www.asthmacommunitynetwork.org

Ryan Bailey Business Analyst, Rho





Objective: Answer Two Key Questions

1. What resources are available on the site?

2. How do I access them?





Two Key Concepts

Capacity: Preparedness and infrastructure to implement an asthma intervention

Adaptation: Ability to modify the intervention to meet unique needs of the practice





What resources are available on the site?

- 1. Intervention overview Web pages
- 2. Intervention diagram
- 3. e-Learning videos
- 4. Procedural manual
- 5. Related asthma research
- 6. Intervention tools
 - a. Questionnaires
 - b. Patient Education Handouts





Getting Started

- 1. Intervention overview Web pages
- 2. Intervention diagram
- 3. e-Learning videos
- 4. Procedural manual
- 5. Related asthma research
- 6. Intervention tools
 - a. Questionnaires
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Going Deeper

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Finding the CHAMPS Materials





ASTHMA COMMUNITY NETWORK.ORG

Communities in Action Share • Learn • Connect

OUR NETWORK TODAY

our newest program >

Total Programs in Action: 1029

Total Members in Action: 3507

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CHAMPS INTRODUCTION

You are here: Asthma Community Network Home » Tools » CHAMPS Introduction



Community Healthcare for Asthma Management Champs and Prevention of Symptoms (CHAMPS) is a family-centered, patient-tailored, evidence-based,

pediatric asthma intervention. The CHAMPS intervention combines asthma counseling and in-home mitigation of environmental triggers for children with poorly-controlled or moderate-to-severe asthma in primary care settings.

The CHAMPS intervention began as a research study conducted in three Federally-Qualified Health Centers to assess whether evidence-based interventions for asthma could be successfully replicated in the health center setting. The CHAMPS intervention demonstrated marked improvement in the control of patient's asthma; an increase in patient and caregiver's awareness and understanding of asthma; and, a reduction in asthma-related visits to urgent care and emergency departments.

The CHAMPS intervention is effective for - and can be tailored to fit - any practice or patient population where pediatric asthma is common. The CHAMPS intervention can be phased in over time, starting with a smaller population of eligible children served by a particular care team or site. Use this checklist to find out if the CHAMPS intervention will be effective and feasible for your practice.



CHAMPS Manual



CHAMPS e-Learning Videos



CHAMPS Intervention Diagram



Asthma Research

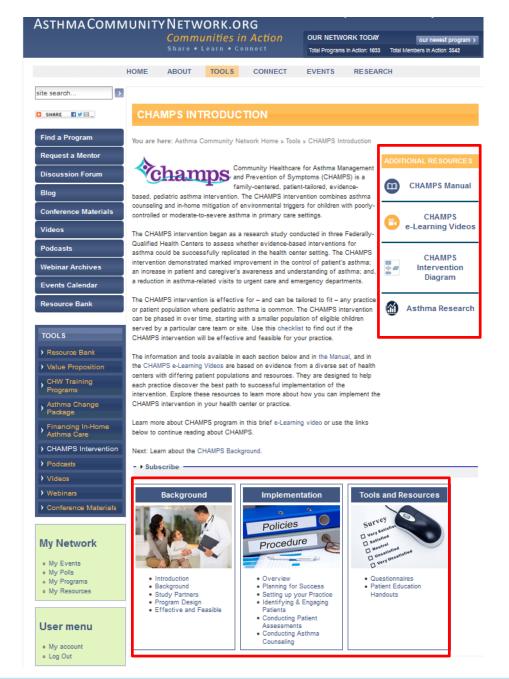
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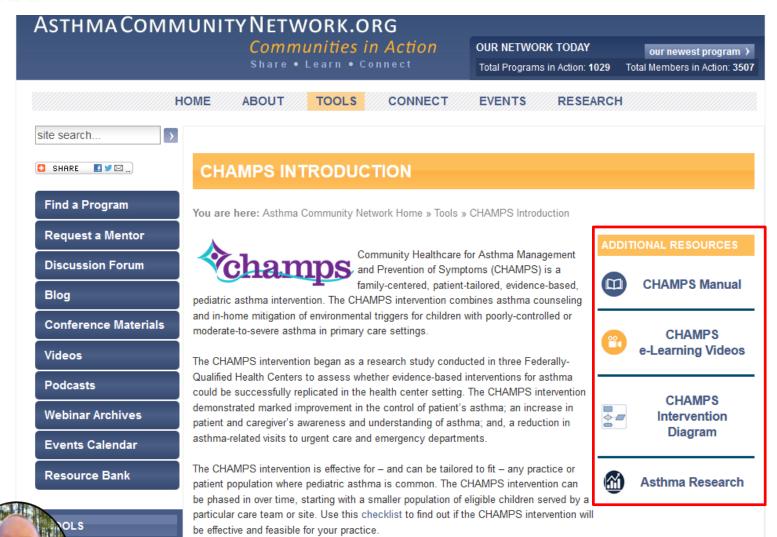














Financing In-Home Asthma Care

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Learn more about CHAMPS program in this brief e-Learning video or use the links below to continue reading about CHAMPS.

Next: Learn about the CHAMPS Background.

Subscribe

Background



- Introduction
- Background
- Study Partners
- Program Design
- . Effective and Feasible

Implementation



- Overview
- Planning for Success
- Setting up your Practice
- Identifying & Engaging Patients
- Conducting Patient Assessments
- Conducting Asthma Counseling

Tools and Resources



- Questionnaires
- Patient Education Handouts



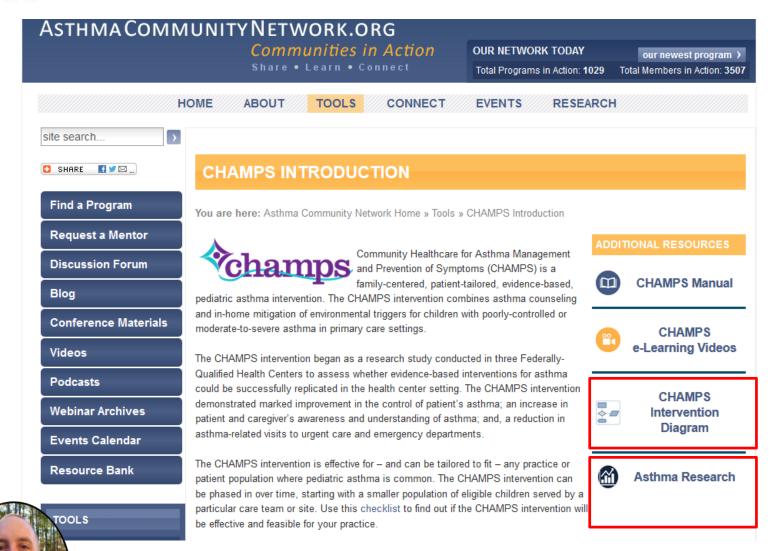


Getting Started

- √ 1. Summary information Web pages
 - 2. Intervention diagram
 - 3. e-Learning videos
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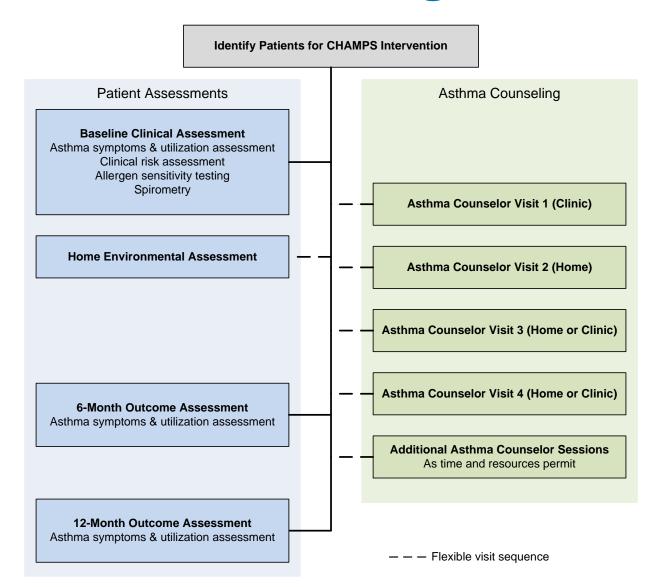








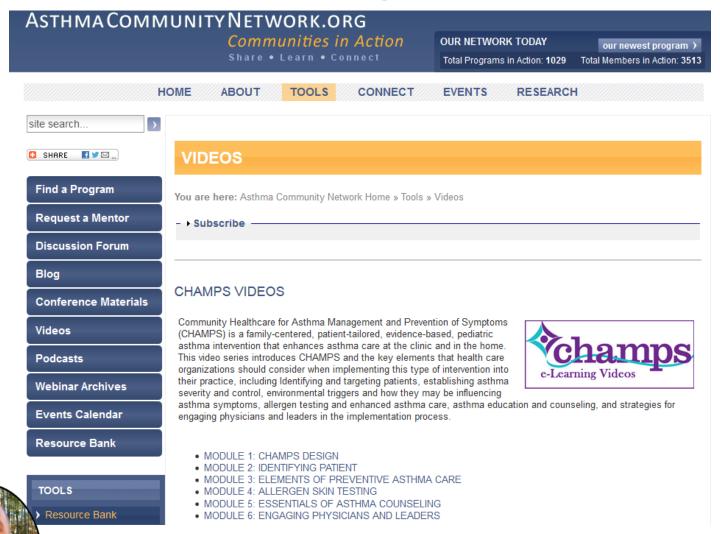
Intervention Diagram







e-Learning Videos





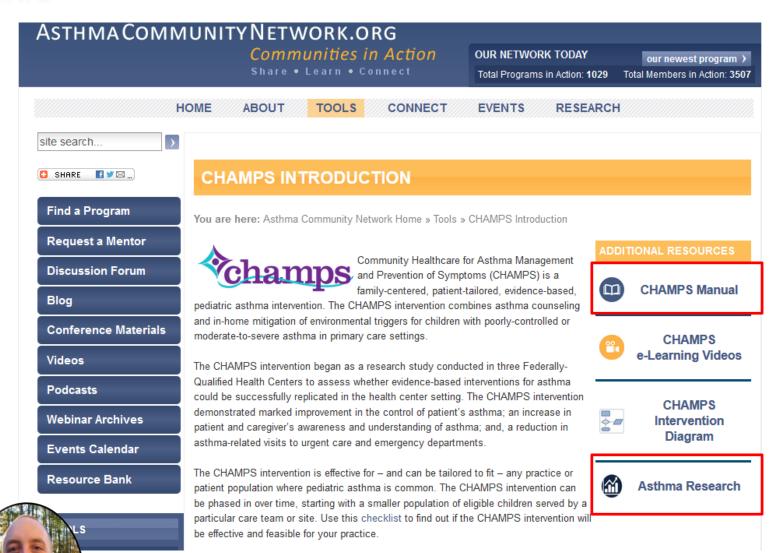
Going Deeper



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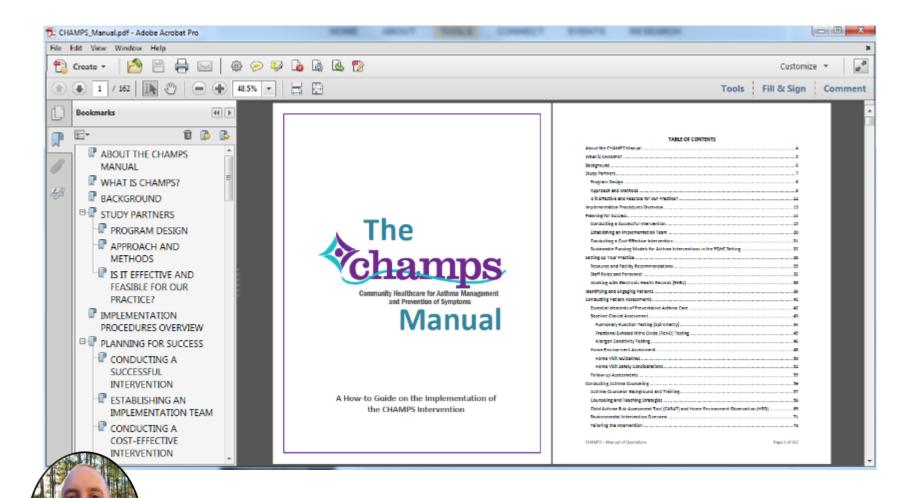






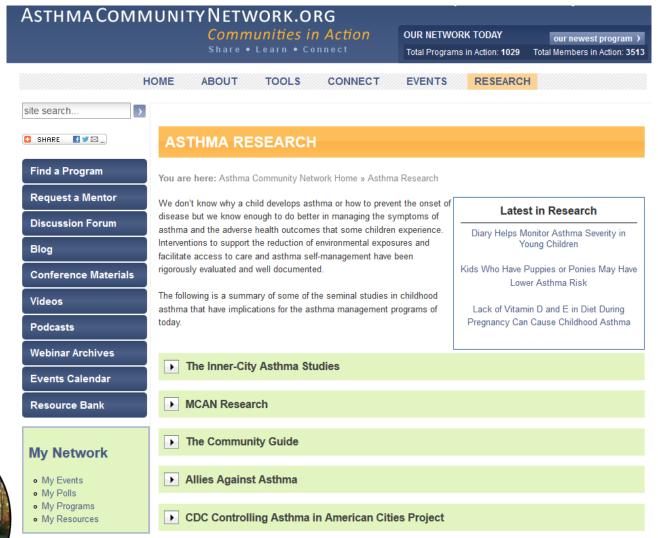


Procedural Manual





Related Asthma Research





- > Financing In-Home Asthma Care
- CHAMPS Intervention
- > Podcasts
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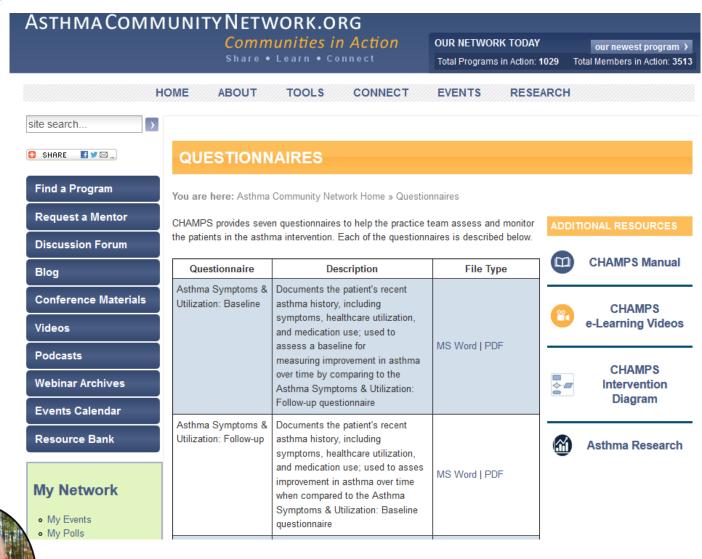
Tools and Resources



- Questionnaires
- Patient Education Handouts



Intervention Tools





Intervention Tools

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Communities in Action

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PATIENT EDUCATION HANDOUTS

You are here: Asthma Community Network Home » Patient Education Handouts

The CHAMPS Patient Education Handouts provide concise, visual, take-home information for patients and their families. The handouts correspond to specific Asthma Counseling Modules-the core patient education components of the Asthma Counseling sessions. Instructions for how to implement the Asthma Counseling Modules are provided in the Manual. Handouts are most effective when counselors follow these simple guidelines:

- Explain the information on each handout, making sure the family understands the content, before giving them a copy.
- Share the handouts slowly over multiple visits; attempting to give out multiple handouts at a single visit may lead to "information overload".
- · Provide only the handouts that are pertinent to their child's unique sensitivities and exposures; giving families all of the handouts, regardless of their child's sensitivities and exposure is misleading and confusing.



CHAMPS Manual



CHAMPS e-Learning Videos



CHAMPS Intervention Diagram

Download individual files by clicking on the language you want next to the name of the handout. The full set of handouts is available in the Patient Handouts section of the Manual

Asthma Research

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Handout Asthma Counseling Module Language Module 1 – Asthma & Asthma What is Asthma? English | Spanish Medications What Happens in the Lungs During an Asthma Module 1 – Asthma & Asthma English | Spanish Attack? Medications Module 1 – Asthma & Asthma Asthma Action Plan - Blank English | Spanish Medications





Take-Home Points

- Tools are designed for varying capacity and intended for adaptation.
- Summary and detailed resources are provided.
- 3. Navigate on the right and at the bottom.





Roundtable Discussion

Costa Salud Community Health

Francisco Ramirez, Asthma Counselor



El Rio Community Health Center

Dr. Andrew Arthur, Associate Medical Director

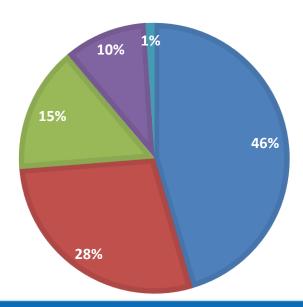




Poll Question

After participating in this webinar, what will be your next steps?

- Visit the Network to learn more about the CHAMPS intervention
- Explore the MCAN Library on the Network
- Download patient handout materials from the Network
- View the CHAMPS e-Learning videos
- Other



SEPA MCAN and CHAMPS Resources on AsthmaCommunityNetwork.org

- Visit the MCAN Library:
 - www.asthmacommunitynetwork.org/MCAN
- Dive into the CHAMPS Intervention:
 - www.asthmacommunitynetwork.org/CHAMPS
- Download resources to help support your patient population:
 - Questionnaires:www.asthmacommunitynetwork.org/node/16101
 - Patient handouts:<u>www.asthmacommunitynetwork.org/node/16102</u>
 - Webinars:www.asthmacommunitynetwork.org/webinars



Join the Online Discussion Forum

Speakers are now available for a live Q&A Session.

Thursday, December 3, 2015, 3:00 p.m. – 3:30 p.m.

Members can submit questions via the link in the Chat pane.

Not yet a member? Joining online is quick and easy.

- Go to AsthmaCommunityNetwork.org.
- **Click "Join Now"** at the top and complete the registration process.
- **Post your questions** as soon as your account is approved.



ASTHMACOMMUNITY NETWORK, ORG

Mobilizing communities to lead the nation in the delivery of quality asthma care